vivoryon

Tackling AD at the roots: early intervention to address multiple hallmarks of AD

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VIVORYON THERAPEUTICS

Investment Highlights



- STRONG BALANCE SHEET AND CORPORATE POSITION
 - Led by seasoned biopharma experts
 - Strong IP position including composition of matter coverage beyond 2035
 - Recent investment from KKR



- ◆ PURPOSE-BUILT PIPELINE of small molecules addressing medical need in multiple disease areas including neurodegeneration, oncology, inflammatory diseases and fibrosis
- ◆ LEVERAGING IN-DEPTH UNDERSTANDING of pathological pathways for the discovery and development of small molecules
- ◆ FOCUSED ON TARGETED INTERVENTION by enzyme inhibition to modulate the activity of proteins altered in disease settings



LATE-STAGE LEAD PROGRAM VAROGLUTAMSTAT

- DIFFERENTIATED UPSTREAM APPROACH TO ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE treatment targeting major hallmarks of disease with proven early signs of disease-modifying activity:
 - Orally available small molecule
 - Statistically significant change from baseline in working memory after 3-months treatment
 - Upstream intervention with dual MoA:
 Targeting Abeta and CCL2 modulation
 - Addresses all three major hallmarks of AD:
 Abeta aggregation, neuroinflammation and tau pathology, as well as synaptic function
 - Favorable safety profile and no signs of ARIA side effects in clinical setting



EXPERIENCED LEADERSHIP

Seasoned Biopharma Experts Covering All Relevant Aspects of Drug Development

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS



Ulrich Dauer, PhD Chief Executive Officer, Executive Director











Michael Schaeffer, PhD Chief Business Officer, Executive Director









Florian Schmid Chief Financial Officer, Executive Director











Frank Weber, MD Chief Medical Officer





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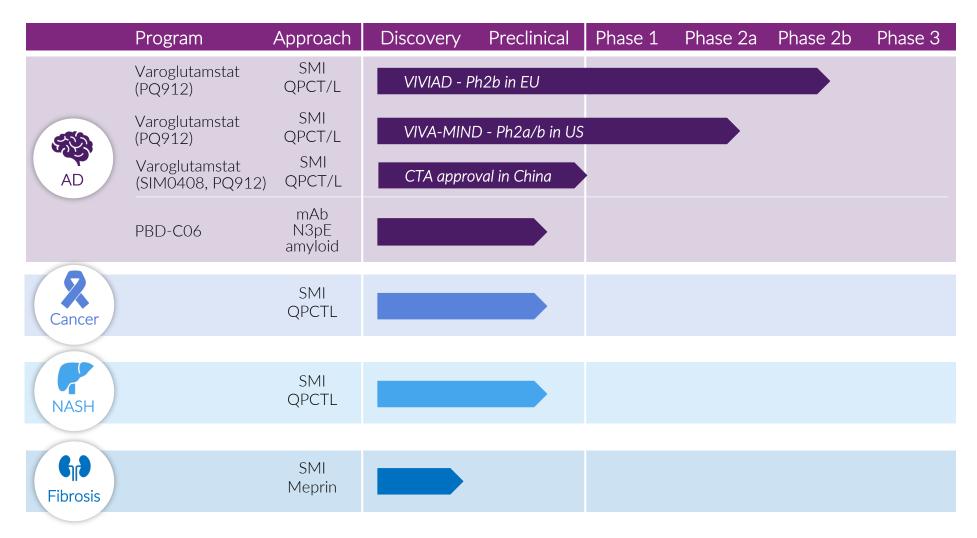
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DIVERSE PIPELINE ADDRESSING SEVERE DISEASES





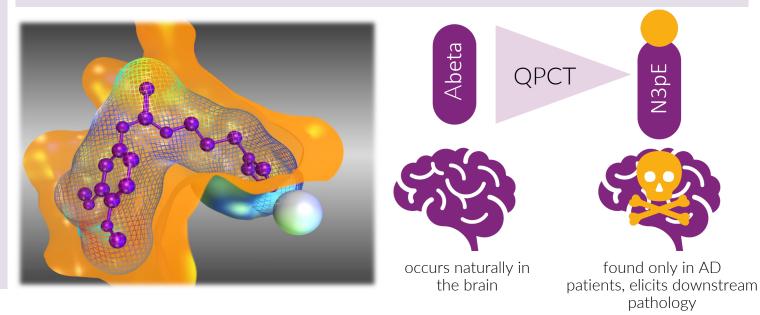
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE

THE BURDEN

- ~30 million people suffering from AD worldwide, number expected to double by 2050, with ~12.7 million in the US alone
- Heavy burden on patients, families, caregivers and the public healthcare system
- No cure available, five established drugs on the market address symptoms only
- Aducanumab recently approved amid controversial discussion on reduced Abeta plaque load as surrogate marker for cognitive improvement

A PATH FORWARD

- VVY discovered QPCT-mediated formation of a neurotoxic Abeta variant,
 N3pE amyloid (pGlu-Abeta), as driver of AD pathology^{1,2}
- VVY is developing small molecule inhibitors to prevent N3pE amyloid formation - rather than aiming to clear existing plaques³





DRUG DEVELOPMENT IN ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE

THE CHALLENGE

- ◆ Low success rate and long development phase delay new treatments and discourage investment in AD drug development
- Studies across drug development programs have identified important strategies for decreasing the risk and increasing the likelihood of success in drug development programs
- ◆ These experiences provide guidance for our approach to AD drug development

THE "RIGHTS" OF AD DRUG DEVELOPMENT1





Targets appropriate biologic process for AD therapeutic intervention



Right Drug

Has appropriate PK/PD profile, brain distribution, preclinical efficacy and safety in Phase 1



Right Biomarkers

Guide participant selection, monitor target engagement, disease modification and side effects



Right Participants

Are in appropriate phase of AD (preclinical, prodromal, dementia)



Right Trial

Is prudently designed and run as well-powered study with appropriate endpoints and duration

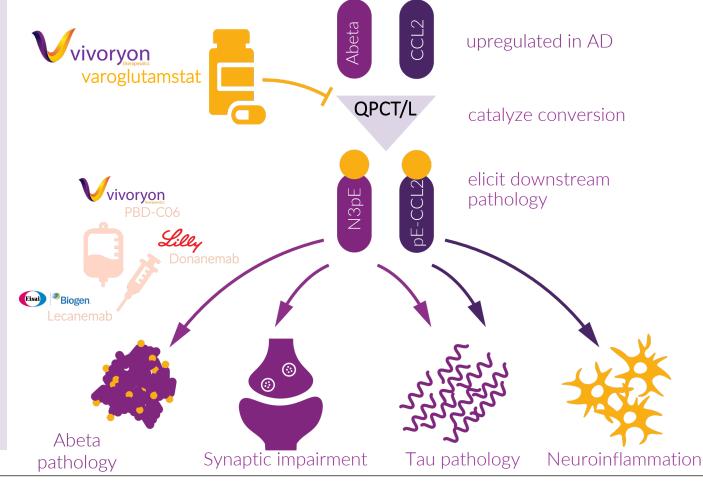


LEAD PRODUCT CANDIDATE: VAROGLUTAMSTAT PREVENTS N3pE-FORMATION IN AD

ROLE OF QPCT/L IN AD PATHOLOGY

- Increased activity of glutaminyl cyclase (QPCT) is associated with AD pathology in humans¹
- QPCT catalyzes formation of neurotoxic N3pE-Abeta by cyclization of N-terminal glutamate on Abeta²
- ◆ N3pE amyloid correlates with QPCT expression and MMSE status in AD patients and is not found in healthy individuals³
- Varoglutamstat and PBD-C06 target all aggregation states of Abeta as N3pE is equally present in soluble and insoluble forms of Abeta^{4,5}
- Targeting QPCTL (isoform of QPCT):
 - ◆ Inhibits neuroinflammation by modulating CCL2 activity
 - ◆ Increased levels of QPCTL and high pE-CCL2 levels correlate strongly with low MMSE scores⁶

VAROGLUTAMSTAT TARGETS UPSTREAM PATHOGENESIS





TRANSLATING IN VIVO EVIDENCE FOR RELEVANCE OF QPCT/L INHIBITION INTO HUMAN AD

Abeta Pathology

Neuroinflammation Tau Pathology

Cognition



QPCT is essential for N3pE amyloid formation in vivo¹ 5XFAD mice, QPCT ko and tg

CCL2 activity promotes neuroinflammation and accelerates tau pathology² rTg45105 mice, CCL2 AAV

QPCT inhibition improves cognitive parameters in AD mouse models³ hAPPSLxhQPCT mice, MWM



QPCT/ N3pE

Dose-dependent reduction of QPCT activity in CSF & serum (Ph1 + Ph2a)

CCL2/ Tau

Dose-dependent decrease of pE-CCL2 in serum (Ph1)

Cognition/ Memory

Statistically significant changes from baseline in working memory as measured by CogState (Ph2a)



VAROGLUTAMSTAT CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Clear Path To Potential Regulatory Approval Based on Well-Informed Trials Extensive Phase 1 and Phase 2 Trials







Preclinical research In vitro and in vivo studies

COMPLETED

- QPCT inhibition improves cognitive parameters in AD mouse models
- ◆ QPCT is essential for N3pE amyloid and pE-CCL2 formation in vivo



Phase 1



COMPLETED

 Varoglutamstat is welltolerated – no DLT at 800 mg twice daily or up to 3.6g once daily

Phase 1

Assessment of safety and tolerability in 60 healthy Chinese volunteers

IN PREPARATION



Phase 2a SAPHIR

Assessment of safety and tolerability in 120 patients with early AD

COMPLETED

- Statistically significant changes from baseline in working memory after only 3 months of treatment (as measured by CogState)
- High target occupancy detected at doses of 150 mg BID and above

Phase 2b VIVIAD



Fully recruited Final readout Q1/2024

- Endpoints: safety, attention/working memory, NTB, biomarkers
- Parallel group, dose-finding part completed, study continues with DSMB recommended maximum dose of 600 mg BID or placebo
- Fully enrolled (259 pts); planned to allow for mean treatment duration of ~82 weeks

Phase 2a/b VIVA-MIND

Assessment of efficacy and safety in 180 patients with early AD

Expanded treatment duration in Phase 2a portion (72 weeks) Study status update in Q1/2023

 Endpoints: safety, attention/working memory, CDR-SB, biomarkers

Pivotal study or accelerated approval

- FDA Fast Track designation granted in 2021
- Two possible scenarios for late-stage development
 - Application for accelerated approval (based on consistent / positive data of Phase 2b studies)
 - Phase 3 clinical development



SAPHIR- GUIDING PHASE 2B TRIAL DESIGN

COGNITION

- ◆ Statistically significant changes from baseline in a working memory parameter within 3 months (One Back Test)
- ◆ Notable changes from baseline in attention (Detection Test, Identification Test)

CSF BIOMARKERS

- ◆ Strong QPCT-inhibition (target occupancy >80% at 600 mg BID, >70% at 300 mg BID)
- ◆ Reduction of neuroinflammatory and synaptic markers (pE-CCL2, YKL40, neurogranin)

SYNAPTIC FUNCTION (EEG)

- ◆ Statistically significant reduction in theta power (marker)
- ◆ Notable changes from baseline in functional

INFORMED TRIAL DESIGN OF EU PHASE 2B

DOSING

- DLT reached at 800 mg BID; reported AEs mostly mild to moderate, fully reversible (skin and gastrointestinal)
- Varoglutamstat is well-tolerated at doses resulting in high target occupancy (600 mg BID)
- Dose adjustments for Phase 2b to prevent AEs while maintaining high target occupancy

PLANNING

- Composite Attention/Working Memory Simulation selected as Primary Endpoint
- Robust statistical planning with 3 CogState parameters (one back test, detection, identification)
- Based on available Phase 2a data matched with large historical control data set on longitudinal rate of progression for identical cognitive composite



MULTIPLE AVENUES TO VALUE GENERATION

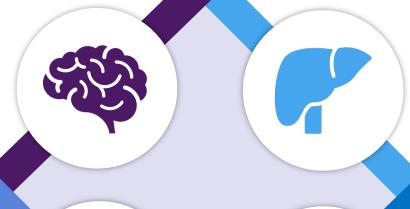
Diverse Pipeline of Oral Small Molecule Inhibitors to Address Exceptionally High Medical Need

ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE

- Small molecule oral QPCT/L inhibitors with good blood-brain barrier penetration
- Inhibits production of N3pE amyloid (pGlu-Abeta): neurotoxic, glutaminylated, soluble Abeta peptides
- Statistically significant effects on CSF biomarkers, synaptic function & working memory after 12w treatment

CANCER

- Small molecule OPCTL inhibitors to modulate cancer immune checkpoint activity
- Precision intervention to modulate the activity of pro-metastatic chemokines of the CCL family
- Opportunity for combination therapies





- Small molecule QPCTL inhibitors to modulate the CCL2-CCR2 axis
- In vivo proof of concept in NAFLD mice
- Investigated as single agent and in combination with meprin inhibitors

AKI/FIBROSIS

- Novel meprin alpha/beta single and dual selective small molecule inhibitors
- In vivo proof of concept in AKI animal model
- Unique recognition pattern allows design of selective and specific meprin protease inhibitors



QPCTL INHIBITION IN CANCER

Opportunity to Develop Oral Small Molecule Inhibitors in Immuno-Oncology

BACKGROUND

- Large unmet medical need remains to effectively and safely treat cancer patients
- Combination therapies as powerful tool
- Evidence for therapeutic potential of:
 - Leveraging the power of innate immunity: target the CD47-SIRPα axis
 - Interfering with metastasis: modulating potency/stability of CCL chemokines

OUR APPROACH

- Selective small molecule QPCTL inhibitor prevents:
 - Post-translational modification of CD47 to pE-CD47, thus abrogating CD47-SIRPα binding
 - Full maturation of CCL2, 7, 8, and 13 to pE-CCL2, 7, 8 and 13, leading to decreased potency and stability

OPPORTUNITY

- Novel orally administered small molecule approach with differentiated mode of action: no antigen sink effect, potential for improved tumor penetration
- Large patent portfolio: Composition of matter and indication coverage with expirations beyond 2035

PROOF OF CONCEPT

- In vitro/in vivo evidence of synergies with antibody-mediated immunotherapy, e.g. rituximab, daratumumab, trastuzumab, cetuximab, avelumab:
 - Combination increases phagocytosis and cytotoxicity over single agent activity
 - Significant increase of tumor doubling times in syngeneic mouse models



QPCTL INHIBITION IN INFLAMMATION/NASH

Opportunity to Develop Oral Small Molecule Inhibitors in Inflammatory Kidney and Liver Diseases

BACKGROUND

- Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) is a chronic hepatic disorder characterized by steatosis in early stages, leading to non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) in more advanced stages
- NASH is expected to become the leading cause of liver transplantation in the US in the coming years
- Significant medical need to find effective therapies to manage NASH

OPPORTUNITY

- Novel orally available compounds with a differentiated mode of action targeting a subclass of therapeutically relevant chemokines
- In vitro/in vivo evidence of decreased inflammatory macrophages, and reduced liver fibrosis
- Large patent portfolio:
 - Composition of matter and indication coverage with expirations beyond 2035

OUR APPROACH

- Treatment of NAFLD by modulating the monocyte/macrophage-related immune response in affected livers using a QPCT/L inhibitor
- CCL2 is upregulated in liver inflammation, our QPCTL inhibitor is used to destabilize CCL 2

IN VIVO PROOF OF CONCEPT

 In vivo NASH model (STAMTM) demonstrated reduction of inflammation score, inflammatory cytokines like CCL2 and TNFalpha



MEPRIN INHIBITION IN AKI/CKD

Opportunity to Develop Oral Small Molecule Inhibitors In Fibrosis and Kidney Diseases

BACKGROUND

- The estimated incidence rate of acute kidney injury (AKI) during hospitalization in the US is 2-5%, it arises in more than 50% of intensive care unit patients
- More than 1 in 7, that is 15% of US adults or 37 million people, are estimated to have chronic kidney disease (CKD)
- Significant medical need to find effective therapies to manage AKI/CKD

OPPORTUNITY

- Novel orally available picomolar small molecule inhibitors targeting metalloproteases meprin alpha and/or beta
- In vivo evidence of kidney protection in cisplatin induced AKI model
- Large patent portfolio:
 - Composition of matter and indication coverage with expirations beyond 2037

OUR APPROACH

- Block collagen remodeling in fibrosis by selectively inhibiting the meprin protease
- Provide kidney protection for patients treated with cytostatics by co-medication with meprin inhibitor

- IN VIVO PROOF OF CONCEPT
- Evidence of kidney protection in cisplatin induced AKI model
- Effect on clinical parameters for kidney function demonstrated with with knockout animals and small molecule compound



POSITIONED FOR CONTINUED VALUE GENERATION

PRESENT FOCUS

FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES

UPCOMING CATALYSTS

Differentiated upstream approach targeting all three major hallmarks of AD

Allows intervention very early in disease pathogenesis

Lead candidate varoglutamstat in clinical Phase 2b in AD

FDA granted Fast Track designation in 2021

Phase 2a data showing statistically significant changes in working memory

Regional partnership with Simcere:

Development opportunities for varoglutamstat and PBD-C06 in AD in Greater China

Investigating potential to develop varoglutamstat in combination with mAbs in AD (own and external assets)

Advancing follow-up programs into the clinic beyond AD



